who – find out who is on the system

who is one of basic Unix commands, which allows you to quickly see who else is logged in.

who – default behaviour

When you run who without any parameters, it returns you a list of users on your Unix system, along with terminals they’re using, the time of the start for each session, and the hostnames where these users are logged in from.

```
bash-2.03# who
ann        pts/2        Jan 16 08:36    (linuxws-1)
greys      pts/4        Jan 17 10:37    (linuxserver)
```

who am i

When you just want to confirm how many login sessions you have running on the system, you need to use a special form of the who command:

```
bash-2.03# who
greys      pts/4        Jan 17 10:37    (linuxserver)
```

Because my username is greys, I can only see my own sessions.

See Also

- Basic Unix Commands
- Unix Commands
- Unix System Monitoring commands